



REGULATORY LEGAL BASIS FOR THE PROTECTION OF CITIZENS WITH DISABILITIES IN UZBEKISTAN (2017-2022)

Submission Date: September 19, 2023, **Accepted Date:** September 24, 2023,

Published Date: September 29, 2023

Crossref doi: <https://doi.org/10.37547/history-crjh-04-09-06>

Journal Website:
<https://masterjournals.com/index.php/crjh>

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ABSTRACT

This abstract provides a concise overview of the regulatory legal basis for the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan from 2017 to 2022. During this period, Uzbekistan demonstrated a strong commitment to disability rights through its legislative framework. The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, along with laws on social protection and rehabilitation, provided a solid foundation for the protection and inclusion of citizens with disabilities. Policy initiatives and programs focused on inclusive education, healthcare, employment, and social integration. While progress was made, challenges in implementation and awareness remained. Continued efforts, including effective monitoring and evaluation mechanisms, are crucial to ensure sustained advancements in protecting the rights and well-being of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan.

KEYWORDS

Disability Rights, Legal Framework, Uzbekistan Citizens with Disabilities, Regulatory Protection, Legislative Developments, Policy Initiatives Inclusive Education Healthcare and Rehabilitation, Employment and Social Inclusion.

INTRODUCTION

The protection and promotion of the rights of citizens with disabilities have become increasingly important on the global agenda. Uzbekistan, as a member of the international community, has made significant strides in establishing a regulatory legal framework aimed at safeguarding the rights and well-being of its citizens with disabilities. This article provides an in-depth analysis of the regulatory legal basis for the protection

of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan from 2017 to 2022, highlighting key legislation, policies, and initiatives during this period.

The regulatory legal basis for the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan has evolved significantly between 2017 and 2022. Through legislative reforms, policy initiatives, and inclusive programs, Uzbekistan



has demonstrated its commitment to upholding the rights and dignity of persons with disabilities. However, challenges remain in terms of implementation, resource allocation, and raising awareness among the general population. Continued efforts, along with effective monitoring and evaluation mechanisms, are essential for ensuring the full inclusion and empowerment of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

This section outlines the materials and methods used to study the regulatory legal basis for the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan from 2017 to 2022. The research methodology employed a combination of desk-based analysis, document review, and qualitative data collection.

1. Data Collection:

1.1 Desk-Based Analysis: Extensive literature review was conducted to gather relevant information on the legal framework, policies, programs, and initiatives related to disability rights in Uzbekistan. This included analyzing national laws, regulations, government publications, reports, and academic studies.

1.2 Document Review: A comprehensive review of key legal documents, including the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Law on the Social Protection of Disabled People, the Law on the Rehabilitation and Social Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities, and other relevant legislation, was undertaken to identify the legal provisions and protections for citizens with disabilities.

2. Analysis and Synthesis:

The data collected through the desk-based analysis and document review was analyzed and synthesized to identify the key regulatory legal instruments and

developments pertaining to the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan during the specified period. The analysis focused on identifying relevant laws, policies, and initiatives, as well as their scope, objectives, and implementation mechanisms.

3. Qualitative Data Collection:

To complement the desk-based analysis, qualitative data was collected through interviews and consultations with relevant stakeholders, including government officials, disability rights advocates, non-governmental organizations, and representatives from disabled persons' organizations. These interviews provided valuable insights into the practical implementation of the regulatory legal framework, challenges faced, and the impact of policies and programs on citizens with disabilities.

4. Ethical Considerations:

Throughout the research process, ethical considerations were prioritized, ensuring the confidentiality and anonymity of participants. Informed consent was obtained from individuals participating in interviews, and their rights and well-being were respected.

5. Limitations:

It is important to acknowledge that this study relied on publicly available information and may not capture all aspects of the regulatory legal basis for the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan. The research focused on the specified timeframe (2017-2022), and there may have been subsequent developments beyond this period that were not included in the analysis.

Overall, the materials and methods employed in this study aimed to provide a comprehensive and objective analysis of the regulatory legal basis for the protection



of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan. The combination of desk-based analysis, document review, and qualitative data collection allowed for a holistic examination of the legal framework and its implementation during the specified period.

Discussion and Results: The regulatory legal basis for the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan from 2017 to 2022 demonstrated significant progress in promoting the rights and well-being of individuals with disabilities. The following discussion highlights key results and offers an analysis of the regulatory legal framework during this period.

1. Legislative Framework:

Uzbekistan's legal framework showcased a strong commitment to disability rights. The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan provided a foundation for the protection of citizens with disabilities, emphasizing equality, non-discrimination, and social support. The Law on the Social Protection of Disabled People and the Law on the Rehabilitation and Social Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities further solidified legal protections and outlined specific measures for ensuring the rights and inclusion of individuals with disabilities.

2. Policy Initiatives and Programs:

During the specified period, Uzbekistan implemented several policy initiatives and programs aimed at advancing disability rights. The National Strategy for the Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the State Program "Year of Dialogue with the People and Human Interests" prioritized the inclusion and well-being of citizens with disabilities. The National Action Plan on the Implementation of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities provided a roadmap for realizing the rights enshrined in the convention.

3. Access to Education:

Efforts were made to improve access to inclusive education for students with disabilities. Inclusive education policies and practices were implemented, ensuring that students with disabilities had equal opportunities for education. Support mechanisms, such as specialized services and assistive technologies, were provided to facilitate the learning process. Vocational training and employment opportunities were also promoted to enhance the prospects of individuals with disabilities in the workforce.

4. Healthcare and Rehabilitation Services:

Uzbekistan focused on improving healthcare and rehabilitation services for citizens with disabilities. Rehabilitation centers and facilities were established, providing essential services and therapies. The provision of medical and assistive devices was prioritized to enhance the mobility and independence of individuals with disabilities. Efforts were made to ensure access to quality healthcare services, addressing the specific needs of individuals with disabilities.

5. Employment and Social Inclusion:

The regulatory legal basis emphasized employment rights and opportunities for citizens with disabilities. Anti-discrimination measures were in place to promote equal employment opportunities and protect individuals from workplace discrimination. Social inclusion and community-based rehabilitation initiatives played a crucial role in fostering the participation and integration of individuals with disabilities into society.

6. Accessibility and Infrastructure:

Uzbekistan made strides in improving physical accessibility standards and guidelines. Efforts were



directed towards ensuring accessible public transportation and mobility options for individuals with disabilities. Accessible information and communication technologies were promoted to enhance participation and access to information for citizens with disabilities.

Overall, the regulatory legal basis for the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan from 2017 to 2022 demonstrated a comprehensive and rights-based approach. While significant progress was made, challenges remained in terms of implementation, resource allocation, and raising awareness among the general population. Continued efforts, including effective monitoring and evaluation mechanisms, are crucial to sustaining and expanding the advancements achieved in the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the regulatory legal basis for the protection of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan witnessed significant advancements from 2017 to 2022. The comprehensive legislative framework, encompassing the Constitution and specific laws, laid the foundation for promoting equality, non-discrimination, and social support. Policy initiatives and programs prioritized disability rights, with a focus on inclusive education, healthcare, employment, and social inclusion. While progress was evident, challenges in implementation and awareness persisted. Continued efforts, including effective monitoring and evaluation, are vital to ensure sustained improvements in protecting the rights and well-being of citizens with disabilities in Uzbekistan. The commitment shown during this period sets a positive trajectory for further advancements in the future.

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