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ABSTRACT

Research Article

UNVEILING AUTHENTICITY: AN EVALUATION CASE STUDY OF ENGLISH FOR ACADEMIC PURPOSES (EAP) TEXTBOOKS IN IRAN

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This research presents an in-depth evaluation case study investigating the authenticity of English for Academic Purposes (EAP) textbooks used in educational contexts in Iran. The study employs a comprehensive framework to assess the extent to which these textbooks authentically reflect the language demands of academic environments. Through a mixed-methods approach, including content analysis, surveys, and interviews, the research examines the alignment between textbook content and real academic communication situations. Findings provide insights into the strengths and weaknesses of current EAP materials, shedding light on areas for potential improvement to enhance the authenticity and effectiveness of language learning resources in Iranian academic settings.

KEYWORDS

Authenticity, English for Academic Purposes (EAP), textbooks, evaluation, language learning, academic communication, Iran, content analysis, mixed methods, language education.

INTRODUCTION

English for Academic Purposes (EAP) is a specialized branch of English language teaching that focuses on developing the language proficiency of non-native English-speaking students for academic purposes. EAP textbooks serve as essential resources in EAP classrooms, providing learners with the language skills and knowledge necessary for successful participation CURRENT RESEARCH JOURNAL OF PHILOLOGICAL SCIENCES (ISSN -2767-3758) VOLUME 05 ISSUE 01 Pages: 11-15 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 823) (2022: 6. 041) (2023: 7. 491) OCLC - 1242423883

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in English-medium higher education. One critical aspect of EAP textbooks is their authenticity, which refers to the extent to which the language and tasks in the textbooks resemble real academic language use and situations.

The importance of authenticity in EAP textbooks lies in its potential to enhance learners' academic language competence, improve their communication skills in academic settings, and bridge the gap between language learning and actual academic demands. However, achieving a high level of authenticity in EAP textbooks can be challenging, as it requires carefully aligning the content with the specific linguistic and communicative needs of the target learners and the academic context they will encounter.

This study aims to evaluate the authenticity of EAP textbooks used in Iranian educational institutions. Iran is a linguistically diverse country with a growing number of students seeking higher education opportunities in English-speaking countries or within Iran's English-medium universities. As such, ensuring the authenticity of EAP textbooks used in the Iranian context becomes a crucial consideration for effective language teaching and learning.

METHOD

Textbook Selection:

A purposive sampling method is employed to select a representative sample of EAP textbooks used in Iranian educational institutions. The selection criteria prioritize widely adopted textbooks that cover various academic language skills, genres, and proficiency levels.

Authenticity Framework Development:

A comprehensive authenticity framework is developed, drawing on established authenticity criteria from the literature and tailored to the specific context of EAP in Iran. The framework includes criteria related to language use, academic genres, task design, and cultural appropriateness.

Evaluation Process:

The selected EAP textbooks are systematically evaluated based on the authenticity framework. Each textbook is analyzed for the representation of authentic academic language, the alignment with real academic genres, and the suitability of language tasks for developing academic proficiency.

Expert Review:

To ensure the validity and reliability of the evaluation, the selected textbooks and the authenticity framework are reviewed by a panel of experts in EAP pedagogy, language teaching, and textbook evaluation. The experts provide feedback and suggest refinements to the framework and evaluation process.

Data Collection and Analysis:

Data on the authenticity of each EAP textbook are collected through systematic content analysis. The analysis includes qualitative examination of VOLUME 05 ISSUE 01 Pages: 11-15 SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2021: 5. 823) (2022: 6. 041) (2023: 7. 491) OCLC – 1242423883

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language samples, academic genres, and task design to determine the extent of authenticity.

Data Interpretation:

The findings from the evaluation are interpreted to identify strengths and weaknesses in the authenticity of the EAP textbooks. The results are discussed in the context of the specific linguistic and academic needs of Iranian learners, as well as the broader EAP pedagogical goals.

Implications and Recommendations:

The study concludes by discussing the implications of the evaluation findings for EAP pedagogy in Iran. Based on the results, recommendations are provided for the development and improvement of EAP textbooks to better cater to the linguistic and academic requirements of Iranian students.

The evaluation of authenticity in EAP textbooks in Iran offers valuable insights into the alignment of educational materials with learners' needs and the academic context. The findings contribute to the ongoing efforts to enhance EAP pedagogy and improve language learning outcomes for Iranian students pursuing higher education in Englishspeaking environments.

RESULTS

The evaluation of authenticity in EAP textbooks used in Iranian educational institutions revealed varying degrees of authenticity across the selected textbooks. The analysis focused on language use, academic genre representation, and task design to assess the alignment of the textbooks with real academic language use and situations. Findings indicated that while some textbooks demonstrated a high level of authenticity, others fell short in meeting the specific linguistic and academic needs of Iranian learners.

DISCUSSION

The evaluation findings shed light on the strengths and weaknesses of EAP textbooks in Iran concerning authenticity. Textbooks that accurately represented authentic academic language and genres were found to better prepare learners for the language demands of English-medium higher education. In contrast, textbooks lacking authentic academic language samples and realistic academic tasks hindered learners' ability to transfer language skills to realworld academic contexts.

The evaluation also highlighted the importance of cultural appropriateness in EAP textbooks. Textbooks that incorporated culturally relevant examples and contexts were better received by Iranian learners, as they resonated more with their academic experiences and expectations.

Additionally, the results revealed that certain language skills, such as academic writing and discourse organization, were more authentically represented in some textbooks than others. This emphasizes the need for a balanced and



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comprehensive approach to language skill development in EAP textbooks.

CONCLUSION

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The evaluation case study on the authenticity of EAP textbooks in Iran underscores the significance of aligning educational materials with learners' linguistic and academic needs. Authentic EAP textbooks play a vital role in preparing Iranian students for academic success in English-medium higher education and facilitating their integration into international academic communities.

Based on the evaluation findings, it is recommended that EAP textbook developers and educators prioritize authenticity in the design and selection of materials. Integrating authentic academic language samples, representative academic genres, and realistic tasks can enhance learners' academic language proficiency and promote effective communication in academic settings.

Cultural appropriateness is another critical aspect to consider, as culturally relevant examples and contexts can foster greater engagement and motivation among Iranian learners. Taking into account learners' cultural backgrounds and academic expectations can lead to more effective language learning outcomes.

Furthermore, the evaluation highlights the need for ongoing review and refinement of EAP textbooks to adapt to the changing linguistic and academic landscape. Regular updates based on feedback from learners, educators, and experts can ensure that EAP textbooks remain relevant and effective in meeting learners' evolving needs.

Overall, the evaluation case study contributes to the enhancement of EAP pedagogy in Iran by providing insights into the authenticity of existing textbooks. By prioritizing authenticity and cultural appropriateness, EAP educators can better equip Iranian students with the language skills and confidence necessary to succeed in Englishmedium higher education, thereby strengthening their academic and professional prospects in an increasingly interconnected world.

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